Subpart D—Enforcement Procedures

§960.14 In general.

- (a) The Secretary shall conduct such enforcement activities as are necessary to carry out his/her obligations under the Act.
- (b) Any person who is authorized to enforce the regulations in this part may:
- (I) Enter, search and inspect any facility suspected of being used to violate the regulations in this part or any license issued pursuant to the regulations in this part and inspect and seize any equipment or records contained in such facility;
- (2) Seize any data obtained in violation of the regulations in this part or any license issued pursuant to the regulations in this part;
- (3) Seize any evidence of a violation of the regulations in this part or of any license issued pursuant to the regulations in this part;
- (4) Execute any warrant or other process issued by any court of competent jurisdiction; and
- (5) Exercise any other lawful author-

§ 960.15 Penalties and sanctions.

As authorized by Section 203(a) of the Act, if the Secretary or his/her designee determines that the licensee has substantially failed to comply with the Act, the regulations in this part, or any term, condition or restriction of the license, the Secretary or his/her designee may request the appropriate U.S. Attorney to seek an order of injunction or similar judicial determination from the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia Circuit or a U.S. District Court within which the licensee resides or has its principal place of business, to terminate, modify, or suspend the license, and/or to terminate licensed operations on an immediate basis.

(a) In addition, any person who violates any provision of the Act, any license issued there under, or the regulations in this part may be assessed a civil penalty by the Secretary of not more that \$10,000 for each violation. Each day of operation in violation constitutes a separate violation. Civil pen-

alties will be assessed in accordance with the procedures contained in paragraphs (b) through (g) of this section.

- (b) A notice of violation and assessment (NOVA) will be issued by NOAA and served personally or by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, upon the licensee alleged to be subject to a civil penalty.
 - (1) The NOVA will contain:
- (i) A concise statement of the facts believed to show a violation;
- (ii) A specific reference to the provisions of the Act, regulation, license, agreement, or order allegedly violated;
- (iii) The findings and conclusions upon which NOAA based the assessment:
- (iv) The amount of the civil penalty assessed; and
- (v) An explanation of the licensee's rights upon receipt of the NOVA.
- (2) In assessing a civil penalty, NOAA will take into account information available to the Agency concerning any factor to be considered under the Act and implementing regulations, and any other information that justice or the purposes of the Act require.
- (3) The NOVA may also contain a proposal for compromise or settlement of the case.
- (4) The NOVA may also contain a request for the licensee to cease and desist operations which are in violation of the Act, regulations, license, agreement, or order. If the NOVA contains such a request, it will advise the licensee:
- (i) Of the amount of time the licensee has to cease and desist the violation. The amount of time will be decided on a case-by-case basis at the sole discretion of the Agency.
- (ii) If the licensee fails to respond or comply with NOAA's request, an injunction or other judicial relief may be sought.
- (iii) Paragraph (c) of this section applies only to those parts of the NOVA assessing monetary penalties.
- (c) The licensee has 14 days from receipt of the NOVA to respond. During this time:
- (1) The licensee may accept the penalty or compromise penalty, if any, by taking the actions specified in the NOVA.